

				Sub	yect	Coc	de: 1	REC	40.
Roll No:									

BTECH (SEM IV) THEORY EXAMINATION 2023-24 SIGNAL SYSTEM

TIME: 3 HRS M.MARKS: 70

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1.	Attempt all questions in brief.	$2 \times 7 = 14$
a.	Determine the fundamental period of the signal $x(t) = \sin(4t-1)$.	2
b.	Write the general formula for calculating Convolution in Continuous Time Domain.	2
c.	Find the Fourier Transform of continuous time signal $x(t) = \delta(t+1)$.	2
d.	Calculate the Z-Transform of discrete time signal $x(n) = \delta(n + 1)$.	2
e.	Sketch the Sampled Signal of $x(t)=\cos(2\pi t)$.	2
f.	Sketch the continuous time signal $\mathbf{x}(t)=\mathbf{u}(-t+1)$.	2
g.	What is Parseval's Theorem?	2

SECTION B

2. Attempt any *three* of the following:

 $7 \times 3 = 21$

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a.	Define the following terms related to system with mathematical expressions (i) Linear	7
	System (ii) Stability (iii) Causality and (iv) Dynamic system.	
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b.	A causal LTI system is described by difference equation.	7
	y(n) = y(n-1) + y(n-2) + x(n-1)	
	Find the system function $H(z)=Y(z)/X(z)$ for this system. Plot the pole-zero plot of $H(z)$ and indicate the region of convergence.	
c.	Sketch the signal $y(t)=e^{-a t }$ & find the Fourier Transform of this same signal with Magnitude & Phase Curve.	7
d.	What is ROC? Discuss any three properties of Z-Transform with mathematical expressions and example.	7
e.	Describe Natural Sampling process with graphs and mathematical equations.	7

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

a.	Define Time Invariant system. Also check whether the given system is Time Variant or	7
	Invariant system (i) $y_1(t)=tx(t)$, (ii) $y_2(n)=2x(n)+3$, (iii) $y_3(t)=2x(-t)$.	
b.	Define the following with mathematical expressions and examples	7
	(i) Energy & Power Signals, (ii) Even & odd Signals.	

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

a.	What is Discrete Time Convolution? Find the convolution $y(n)=x(n)*h(n)$ of the discrete time signals $x(n)=h(n)=u(n)$.								
b.	What is LTI System? An LTI system is described by differential equation $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 5y(t) = 3x(t)$. Calculate (i) Transfer Function, $H(s) = Y(s)/X(s)$. (ii) Output, $y(t)$ when $x(t) = u(t)$.	7							



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5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

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a.	Write any three properties of Fourier Transform. Find the Fourier Transform of the given signal using Properties $y(t)=te^{-4t}u(t)$.	7
b.	Determine the Inverse Laplace transform of the following functions using Partial Fraction method: (i) $X(s) = \frac{4(s+3)}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$ (ii) $Y(s) = \frac{4}{(s+1)(s+2)^2}$	7

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

a.	Determine the Inverse Z-Transform y(n) of the following functions $Y(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z^2+3z+2)}$, given ROC z >2.	7
b.	Determine the z-transform of $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = (1/2)^{\mathbf{n}} \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n})$ and depict the ROC and the location of poles and zeros in the z plane.	7

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = '$

a.	Explain Ideal Sampling with time domain & frequency domain graphs and mathematical equations.	17
b.	What is Nyquist Rate & Nyquist Interval? Calculate the Nyquist rate & Nyquist Interval for the following continuous-time sinusoidal signals (i) $x_1(t) = \cos(20\pi t) + \cos(40\pi t)$. and (ii) $x_2(t) = \cos(200\pi t)\cos(400\pi t)$.	7
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