



(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 993101

Roll No.

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B. Tech.

(SEM. I) (ODD SEM.) THEORY
EXAMINATION, 2014-15
ENGG. MECHANICS

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

- Note :
- (i) Attempt all questions.
 - (ii) Assume missing data suitable, if any.

SECTION-A

1 Answer all the following parts : 10×2=20

- (a) State and prove Law of parallelogram of forces.
- (b) Write the difference between collinear and concurrent force system.
- (c) Find the resultant in magnitude and direction of forces P and Q respectively, acting at right angles to each other.

- (d) The force required to pull a body of weight 50 N on a rough horizontal plane is 15 N. Determine the co-efficient of friction if the force is applied at an angle of 15° with the horizontal.
- (e) Explain the terms: (i) Cone of friction
(ii) Angle of repose
- (f) What do you understand by terms: (i) Perfect frame (ii) Imperfect frame
- (g) What do you understand by moment of momentum?
- (h) A car is moving with a velocity of 15 m/sec. The car is brought to rest by applying brakes in 5 seconds. Determine the retardation and distance travelled by the car after applying brakes.
- (i) What do you mean by instantaneous centre of rotation?
- (j) State and prove Law of conservation of energy.

SECTION-B

2 Answer any three parts of the following : $3 \times 10 = 30$

- (a) Two forces of magnitude 20 N and 40 N are acting on a particle such that the angle between two is 135° . If both these forces are acting away from the particle, calculate their resultant and find its direction.

- (b) Determine the centroid of a uniform lamina as shown in figure-1.

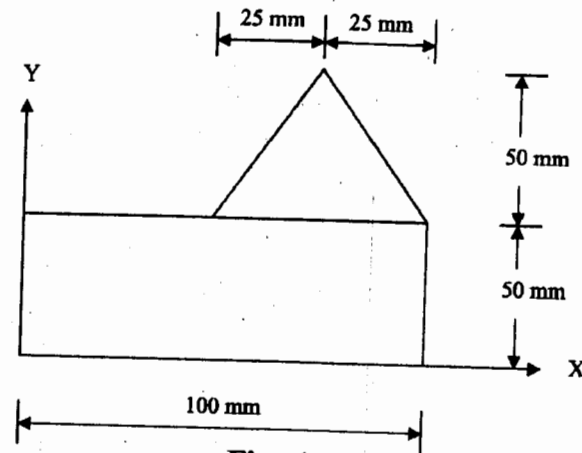


Fig. 1

- (c) A stone is dropped from a height. After falling 5 seconds from rest, the stone breaks the glass pane and in breaking, the stone loses its 20% of its velocity. Find the distance travelled by the stone in the next second. Take $g = 9.81 \text{ m/sec}^2$.
- (d) A cylindrical roller, 50 cm in diameter is in contact with two conveyor belts at its top and bottom as shown in figure-2. If the belts run at the uniform speed of 5 m/sec and 3 m/sec, find linear velocity and angular velocity of roller.

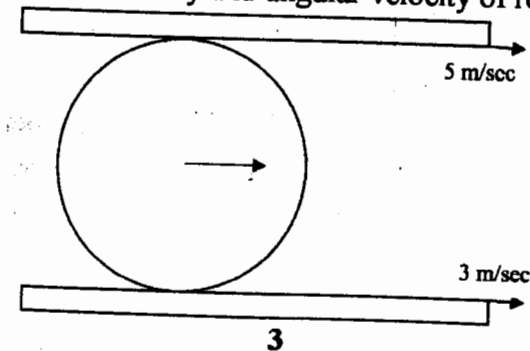


figure-2

- (e) Two bodies of weight 50 N and 30 N are connected to the two ends of a light inextensible string. The string is passing over a smooth pulley as shown in figure-3. Determine
- The acceleration of the system, and
 - Tension in the string. Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m/sec}^2$.

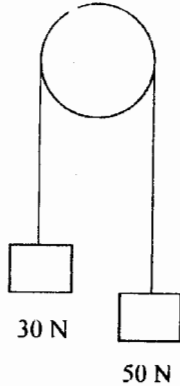


figure-3

SECTION-C

3 Attempt all the questions : $10 \times 5 = 50$

- (a) Two spheres, each of weight 1 kN and 25 cm rest in a horizontal channel of width 90 cm as shown in figure-4. Find the reactions on the points of contact A, B and C.

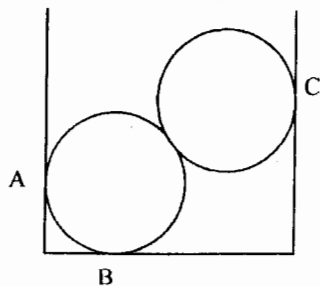


figure-4

OR

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A horizontal force 200 N is applied to the sloping bar BCD whose bottom rests on a horizontal plane, as shown in figure-5. Its upper end is pinned at B to the horizontal bar AB which has a pinned support at A. What couple M must be applied to AB to hold the system in equilibrium? What is the magnitude of the pin reaction at B? Assume the bars to be weightless and pins at A and B to be smooth.

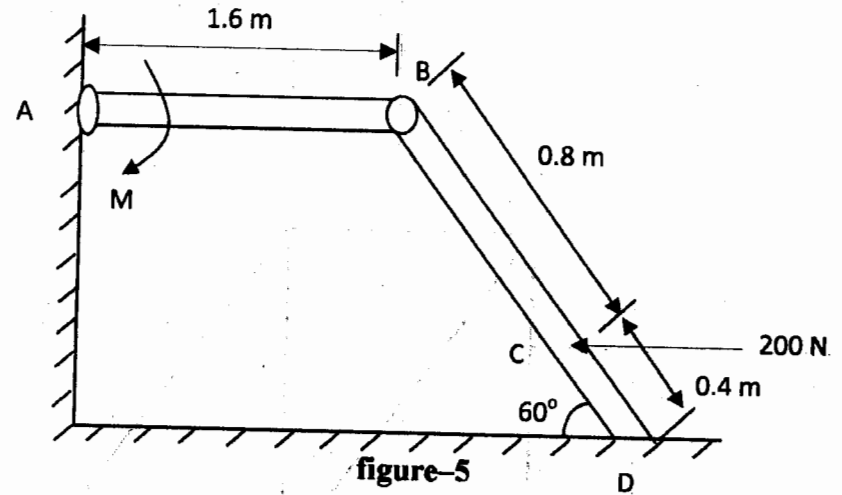


figure-5

- (b) A uniform ladder of length 10 m and weighing 20 N is placed against a smooth vertical wall with its lower end 8 m from the wall. In this position the ladder is just to slip. Determine : (i) the coefficient of friction between the ladder and the floor, and (ii) frictional force acting on the ladder at the point of contact between ladder and floor.

OR

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Determine the forces in all members of truss system as shown in figure-6 and indicate the magnitude and nature of forces on the diagram of truss.

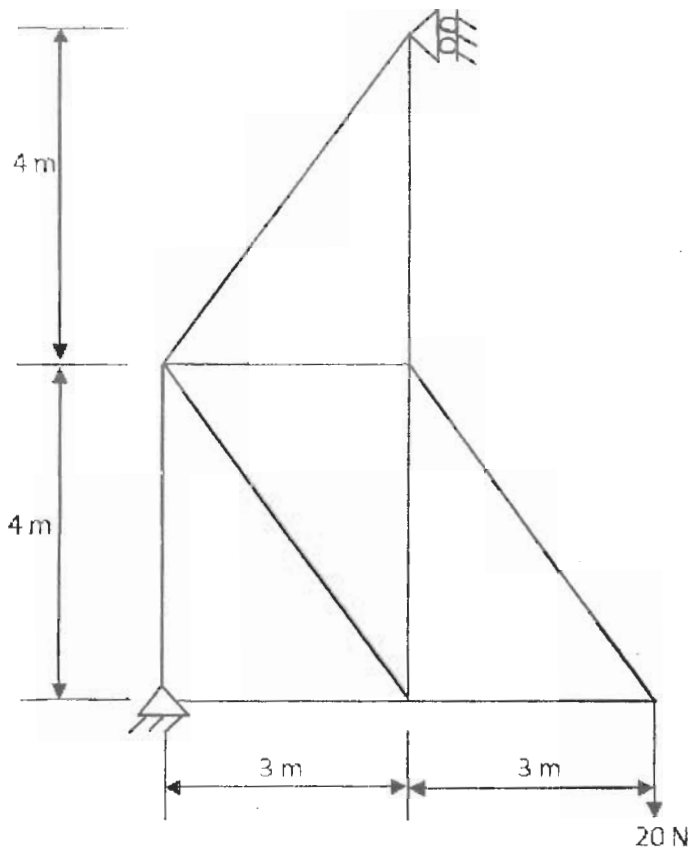


figure-6

- (c) Determine the M.I. of the shaded area as shown in figure-7 about the centroidal axis X-X.

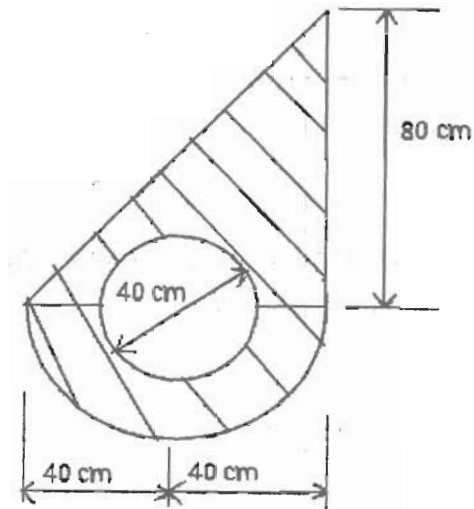


figure-7

OR

Determine the mass moment of inertia of a solid right circular cone of base radius 'R' and height 'h' about its axis of rotation.

- (d) Ship A is approaching a port in due East direction with a velocity of 15 kmph. When this ship was 50 km from port, ship B sails in N45°W direction with a velocity of 25 kmph from the port. After what time the two ships are at minimum distance and how far each has travelled.

OR

The initial angular velocity of a rotating body is 2 rad/sec and initial angular acceleration is zero. The rotation of body is according to the relation $\alpha = 3t^2 - 3$. Find (i) the angular velocity and (ii) angular displacement when $t = 5$ seconds. Consider the angular displacements in radians and time in seconds.

- (e) Draw SFD and BMD for the overhanging beam as shown in figure-8.

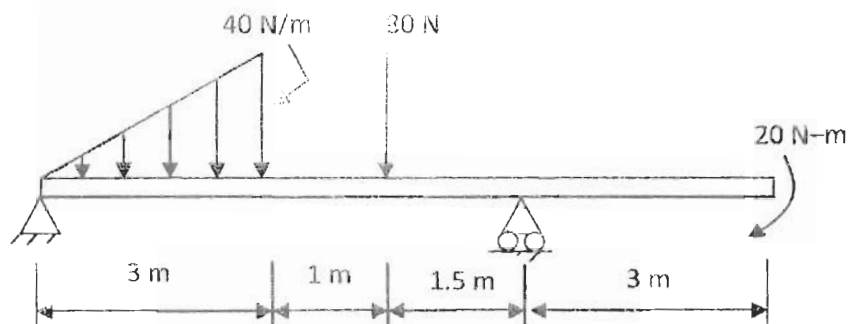


figure-8

OR

The diameters of the two steps of the pulley of a Weston's differential pulley block are 40 cm and 30 cm respectively. Determine the value of the effort required to lift a load of 4 kN using the principle of virtual work. Neglect the frictional forces.