Frinted Pages: 0	1159/1160	EE-101/EEE-101
(Following Paper II	and Roll No. to	be filled in your
Answer Book)		
Paper ID : 121111/	Roll No.	
121121	B.Tech.	

(SEM. I) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2015-16 **ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 100

Section-A

1. Attempt all questions.

- $(2 \times 10 = 20)$
- Define linear and non-linear elements.
- In an a.c. circuit the supply voltage and current is given as:

 $v = 200 \sin 314t$ and $i = 5\sin (314t-II/3)$. Find the real power of the circuit.

- Draw the resonance curve for series resonant (c) circuit and indicate fr, Δ f, f, f, on the curve.
- What is the principle of superposition? (d)
- (e) For a single phase transformer, if iron losses are 1000W and the full load copper losses are 1500W, then at what percent load, the transformer will yield maximum efficiency?

- Calculate the value of equivalent star connected resistances if 3 resistances each of 9_{Ω} are connected in delta.
- (g) Draw the single line diagram of electrical power system.
- Draw the speed Torque characteristics of D.C. Shunt motors.
- Draw the schematic diagram of long shunt type cumulative compound dc motor.
- Considering RYB as positive phase sequence write the type of phase sequence for the following phase combinations: BRY, RBY, BYR, and YBR.

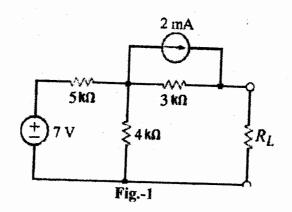
Section-B

Attempt any five questions. 2.

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 $10 \times 5 = 50$

State Thevenin's theorem. Draw the Thevenin's equivalent circuit of Fig-1.



- State and prove Maximum Power Transfer theorem. 3. Illustrate the theorem by solving a circuit of your choice.
- Draw and explain torque-slip characteristics of a three 4. phase induction motor.

A3Ø, 60 Hz, Induction motor has 6 poles and operates with a slip of 5% at a certain load Determine

- The speed of the rotor w.r.t. stator. a)
- The frequency of the rotor current. b)
- The speed of the rotor magnetic field w.r.t. rotor. c)
- The speed of the rotor magnetic field w.r.t. stator. d)
- The speed of thr rotor magnetic field w.r.t. the stator e) magnetic field.
- Derive the expression for line voltage and phase voltage, 5. line current and phase current, active power, reactive power and apparent power for a star (Y) connected system with suitable circuit and phasor diagrams.
- A 30 kV A, 2000/200V, single phase, 50 Hz transformer 6. has $R_1 = 3.5$ phms, $X_1 = 4.5$ ohms and $R_2 = 3.5$ ohms $X_1 = 0.02$ ohms. Find the equivalent resistance, reactance and impendance of transformer referred to primary side and secondary side. Also find total copper losses.

- 7. A choke coil having a resistance of 10 ohm and inductance of 0.05 H is connected in series with a condenser of 100 μF. The whole circuit has been connected to 220 V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate:
 - (a) Impedance (b) current (c) power factor (d) power input (e) voltage across Resistance
- 8. Give the analogy between electric and magnetic circuit. A wrought iron bar 30 cm long and 2 cm in diameter is bent into a circular shape with 1 mm air gap. It is then wound with 500 turns of wire. Calcu;ate the current required to produce a flux of 0.5 m Wb, μr (iron) = 4000.
- Describe the concept of parallel resonance with relevant characteristic curves. Derive the relations for impedance, current and resonant frequency.

Section-C

Attempt any two question of the following: $(15\times2=30)$

- 10. (a) A 4-people dc shunt motor working on 220 V dc supply takes a line current of 3 A at no load while running at 1500 rpm. Determine the speed when the motor takes a line current of 50A. Assume the armature and field resistances as 0.2 ohm and 400 ohm respectively.
 - (b) Derive the generated e.m.f. equation for an alternator.

- (c) Explain any one method for the starting of single phase induction motor. How the direction of rotation of motor can be reversed?
- 11. (a) Moving Coil Instrument gives a full scale deflection of 20 mA when a potential difference of 50 mV is applied. Calculate the Value of Resistance to be Connected in Parallel to measure current upto 50 A.
 - (b) In a two wattmeter method, total power measured was 30 kW at 0.7 pf lagging. Find the readings of each wattmeter.
 - (c) What is Grid? What are the various advantages of an interconnected power system?
- 12. (a) An inductive coil of resistance 10 ohm and inductance 0.1 H is connected in parallel with a 150 μF capacitor to a variable frequency 200 V supply. Find the frequency at which the total current taken from the supply is in phase with the supply voltage. Also find the magnitude of this current.
 - (b) Explain the construction and working principle of PMMC type of instruments with neat and clean diagram.

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(c) Calculate the current in R₃ by using Nodal analysis in fig-2.

