

BTECH (SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2023-24 **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II**

TIME: 3 HRS

M.MARKS: 70

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt *all* questions in brief.

$2 \ge 7 = 14$

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO	
a.	Find Particular integral of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = \sin 2x$.	2	1	
b.	Find the complementary function of $(D^2+a^2)y = 0$	2	1	
c.	Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^4 e^{2t}$.	2	2	
d.	Find the constant term if the function $f(x) = x+x^2$ is expanded in Fourier series defined in (-1, 1).	2	3	
e.	Find the Residue of $\frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)^2}$ at $z = 2$.	2	4	
f.	$\int_{c} \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^{5}} dz \text{ where c is the circle } z = 2$	2	5	5
g.	Define Laurent's series.	2	5	<u>_</u> -
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	SECTION B	.0		
2.	Attempt any three of the following:	7 x 3 =	21	

SECTION B

Attempt any three of the following: 2.

$7 \ge 3 = 21$

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Using variation of parameter method, solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} - 12y = 0.$	7	1
b.	$\frac{dx^2}{dx} = \frac{dx}{dx}$ Use convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transform of	7	2
	$\frac{1}{(s^2+a^2)^2}.$		
c.	Test the convergence of the series $1 + \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{6}{9}x^2 + \frac{14}{17}x^3 + \dots$	7	3
d.	Show that the function $u = \frac{1}{2} \log (x^2 + y^2)$ is harmonic .Find its harmonic conjugate.	7	4
e.	Evaluate the following integral using Cauchy Integral formula	7	5
	$\int_{C} \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$, where C is circle $ z = \frac{3}{2}$		

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

7 x 1 = 7

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Solve the following differential equation	7	1
	$(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 8x^2 e^{2x} \sin 2x.$		
b.	Solve simultaneous differential equation :	7	1
	$D^{2}x-4Dx+4x = y, D^{2}y+4Dy+4y=25x+16e^{t}$, where $D = \frac{d}{dt}$.		



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4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

$7 \ge 1 = 7$

7 x 1 = 7

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = \frac{1-cost}{t^2}$.	7	2
b.	Using Laplace transformation solve the following differential equation $y''+4y'+4y=6e^{-t}$, if $y(0) = -2$, $y'(0) = 8$	7	2

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Q no.	Question	Marks	CO]
a.	Find the half range Fourier sine series $f(x)$ defined over the range $0 < x < 4$	7	3	
	as $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, 0 < x < 2 \\ 4 - x, 2 < x < 4 \end{cases}$			
b.	Test for the convergence of the series	7	3	
	$1 + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1.3}{2.4} x^2 + \frac{1.3.5}{2.4.6} x^3 + \dots , x > 0$			10
	60			$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$
6.	Attempt any <i>one</i> part of the following:	7 x 1 =	7	
Q no.	Question	Marks	CO	

Attempt any *one* part of the following: 6.

Q no.	Question	Marks	ĊO
a.	Show that $e^x (x \cos y - y \sin y)$ is a harmonic function. Find the analytic function for which $e^x (x \cos y - y \sin y)$ is imaginary part.	7	4
b.	Define analytic function and show that $f(z) = z z $ is not analytic anywhere.	7	4
7.	Attempt any <i>one</i> part of the following:	7 x 1 =	7

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

$7 \times 1 = 7$

/•	Attempt any one part of the following.	/ –	'
Q no.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Expand $f(z) = \frac{z}{(z-1)(2-z)}$ is Laurent series valid for a) z-1 > 1 and $b) 0 < z-2 < 1$	7	5
	a z-1 > 1 and $b 0 < z-2 < 1$		
b.	Evaluate $\int \frac{e^z}{(z-1)(z-4)} dz$ where C is the circle $ z = 2$ by using Cauchy's	7	5
	integral formula.		
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